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APPLICATION NO.	PPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/019,923	04/22/2002		Hardial Gill	P/63020-PCT	5730
7:	590 07.	/30/2004	EXAMINER		
Kirschstein O		JACKSON, BLANE J			
Israel & Schiffi 489 Fifth Aven		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
New York, NY	10017-6105	2685	1		
				DATE MAILED: 07/30/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			ation No.	Applicant(s)				
			9,923	GILL ET AL.				
Office Ad	ction Summary	Exami	ner	Art Unit				
		Blane	J Jackson	2685				
The MAILING Period for Reply	DATE of this commun	ication appears on	the cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ldress			
THE MAILING DAT  - Extensions of time may be after SIX (6) MONTHS from the period for reply spector of NO period for reply is specified to reply within the Any reply received by the	E OF THIS COMMUNI be available under the provisions on the mailing date of this commodified above is less than thirty (3) to be cified above, the maximum states or extended period for reply	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In n nunication. 0) days, a reply within the atutory period will apply ar will, by statute, cause the	T TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH of event, however, may a reply be statutory minimum of thirty (30) of did will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro application to become ABANDOI s communication, even if timely fi	timely filed lays will be considered timel om the mailing date of this c NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) Responsive to	communication(s) file	ed on <u>22 <i>April</i> 200</u>	<u>2</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is		2b)⊠ This action						
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4a) Of the abo 5) ☐ Claim(s) 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>9-16</u> 7) ☐ Claim(s)		re withdrawn from						
Application Papers								
9)☐ The specificati	on is objected to by th	e Examiner.						
	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
•	• •		quired if the drawing(s) is one office the attached Office the attached Office (	•	• •			
Priority under 35 U.S.0	C. § 119							
a) All b) S  1. Certified  2. Certified  3. Copies  application	ome * c) None of:  d copies of the priority  d copies of the priority  of the certified copies  tion from the Internatio	documents have l documents have l of the priority doci nal Bureau (PCT	peen received in Applica Duments have been recei	ation No ived in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s)								
<ol> <li>Notice of References C</li> <li>Date of Draftsperson</li> </ol>		TO-948\	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail	ry (PTO-413) Date				
Notice of Dransperson     Information Disclosure     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or			Patent Application (PT	O-152)			

Application/Control Number: 10/019,923

Art Unit: 2685

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 9-12 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wilson (GB 2078 038A) with a view to Goatcher (U.S. Patent 4,470,147).

As to claims 9, 11 and 12, Wilson teaches a mixer circuit for high frequency signals comprising:

Two double sideband mixers each being wired with identical first signals (RF input) and with second signals (LO input) phase-shifted by 90 degrees relative to each other in order to form a product signal from the first and second signals of each mixer figure 1, mixers (7) and (8), the LO input ports phase shifted for 90 degree difference),

An adder for superimposing the product signal from each mixer to form an output signal with one sideband (adder (21)), and,

Two amplifiers for generating the first signals, each amplifier being connected upstream of each mixer, the amplifiers having inputs connected to a same signal source via a forked line (figure 1, RF signal input split, a forked line shown, prior to amplifiers

Application/Control Number: 10/019,923

Art Unit: 2685

(3) and (5), summary: an arrangement for an image rejection mixing arrangement, page 1, lines 5-54).

Wilson is silent as to the mixer circuit used for single sideband demodulation.

Goatcher teaches similar mixer topology but with an ADC for conversion to digital demodulation and processing suitable for phase modulation (PM), amplitude modulation (AM), frequency modulation (FM) or single side band modulation (SSBM) (figure 1, column 2, lines 31-67). Goatcher teaches the input carrier frequency is at the sideband centre frequency whereas the main transmission frequency of the other modulation types is at the carrier frequency (column 1, lines 16-36).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to recognize in the mixer circuit of Wilson the ability to receive and demodulate various types of signals as taught by Goatcher so as to provide a diverse mixer circuit ideal for a multimode receiver.

As to claim 2, Wilson teaches the signal source, upstream to the first signal split and amplifiers is a limiter (figure 1), but does not teach the signal source is an amplifier.

Goatcher teaches a RF amplifier prior to the first signal split and subsequent mixers (figure 1, column 2, lines 31-35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to realize in the circuit of Wilson the RF amplifier of Goatcher to provide a preamplifier prior to the mixing circuits to amplify the input frequencies to compatible levels to the mixers and to control the system noise figure.

Application/Control Number: 10/019,923

Art Unit: 2685

As to claim 14, Wilson is silent as to the single sideband mixer circuit according to claim 9 further comprising a final amplifier for the product signal arranged between an output of each double sideband mixer and the adder (figure 1).

Goatcher discloses a mixer circuit where an amplifier is provided subsequent to each mixer (figure 1, column 2, lines 52-59). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to alternatively modify Wilson modified with the base band I and Q amplifiers of Goatcher to adjust circuit signal levels for subsequent circuit compatibility.

As to claim 15, Wilson teaches an image rejection mixing arrangement for the purpose of fabrication on one or more semiconductor chips (page 1, lines 5-13).

As to claim 16 with respect to claim 12, Wilson teaches the adder is a second 90degree coupler (figure 1, hybrid coupler (21) for combining mixer outputs, page 1, lines 84-89).

3. Claim\$ 14-and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wilson (GB 2078 038A) and Goatcher (U.S. Patent 4,470,147) with a view to Dydyk (U.S. Patent 4,457,022).

As to claim 13, with respect to claim 9, Wilson modified teaches where each first signal is a radio frequency signal and wherein each second signal is a local

Art Unit: 2685

oscillator signal and further comprising a first 90 degree coupler connected to a local oscillator input of the single sideband mixer circuit to generate the second signals (figure 1) but does not teach the first signal is a local oscillator signal and the second signal is an intermediate frequency signal.

Dydyk teaches prior art image rejection mixers with essentially the same architecture and function of Wilson where the RF and LO signals as inputs are permitted to change. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Wilson modified in the manner taught by Dydyk would yield an alternative but functioning circuit.

## **Conclusion**

- 4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. McGeehan et al. (U.S. Patent 5,950,119) discloses an image reject mixer with emphasis to correct and phase imbalance in the circuit to maximize image rejection. Atherly et al. (U.S. Patent 5,140,198) discloses an image canceling mixer circuit on an integrated circuit chip.
- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Blane J Jackson whose telephone number is (703) 305-5291. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Urban can be reached on (703) 305-4385. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

BJJ

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